

=> fil casreact
FILE 'CASREACT' ENTERED AT 12:11:42 ON 03 FEB 2006

=> d his

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:03:13 ON 03 FEB 2006
L1 1 S US20050215782/PN
SEL RN

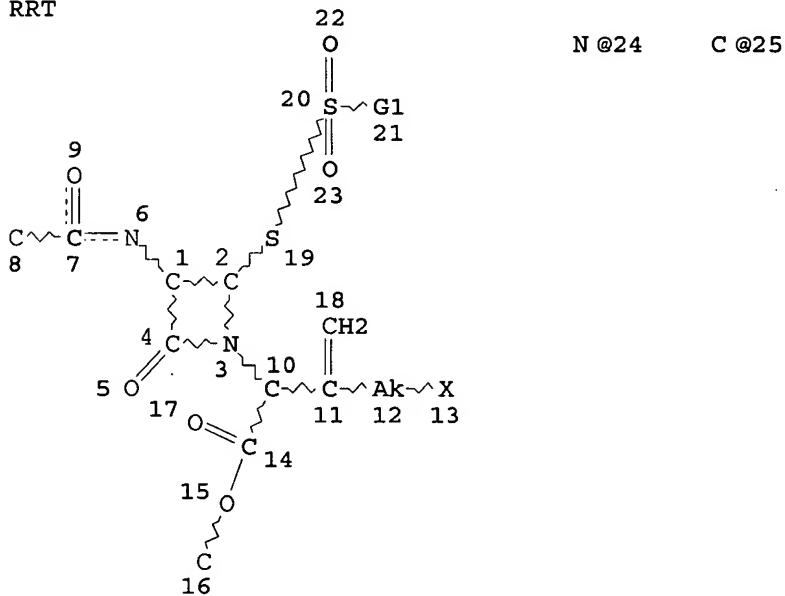
FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:03:38 ON 03 FEB 2006
L2 7 S E1-E7

FILE 'CASREACT' ENTERED AT 11:06:26 ON 03 FEB 2006
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L4 0 S L3 SAM
L5 STR L3
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L7 STR L5
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L9 4 S L7 FUL

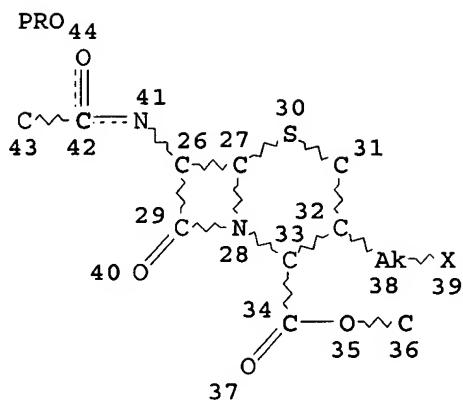
=> d que 19

L7 STR

RRT



Page 1-A



Page 2-A

VAR G1=24/25

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

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NSPEC	IS R	AT	24
NSPEC	IS RC	AT	25
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DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 44

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L9 4 SEA FILE=CASREACT SSS FUL L7 (4 REACTIONS)

=> d 19 1-4 ibib abs crd

L9 ANSWER 1 OF 4 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 143:346982 CASREACT

TITLE: Process for preparing crystalline
3-chloromethyl-3-cephem derivativesINVENTOR(S): Matsumoto, Nobuo; Kawakabe, Hiroshi; Manabe,
Yasuko

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Japan

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 15 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

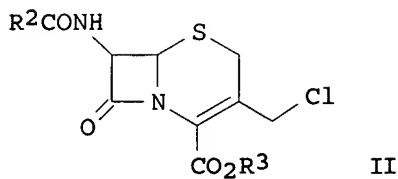
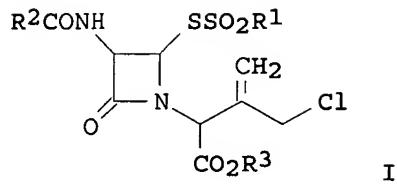
LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

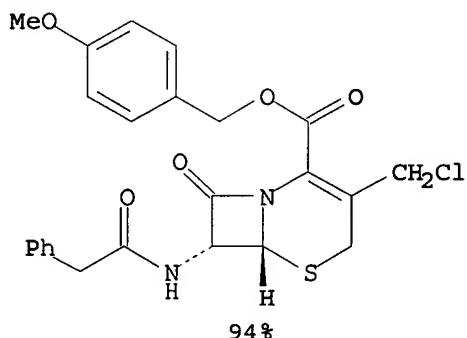
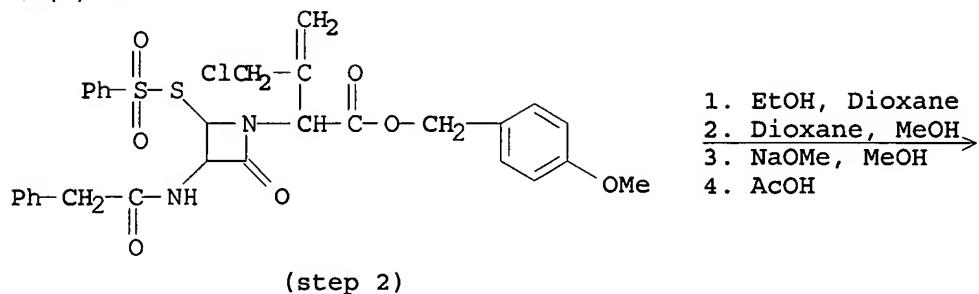
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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US 2005215782	A1	20050929	US 2004-808600	20040325
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2004-808600	20040325
OTHER SOURCE(S):		MARPAT 143:346982		

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AB A chlorinated azetidinone derivative I [R1 = (un)substituted aryl, heterocycle; R2, R3 = (un)substituted aromatic hydrocarbon] and an alcoholate are allowed to react in a solvent containing at least one of alcs. and an ether at a pH of 8 or less, and thus, 3-chloromethyl-3-cephem derivative II is prepared. Thus, I [R1 = Ph, R2 = CH2Ph, R3 = CH2C6H4OMe-4] in dioxane was treated with NaOMe in MeOH to give 94.1% II [R2 = CH2Ph, R3 = CH2C6H4OMe-4].

RX(1) OF 1



NOTE: second stage methnaol added to recatant in dioxane before addn.; fourth stage reactant and reagent added simultaneously via dripping from addn. funnels; last stage neutralization

CON: STAGE(1) room temperature -> 0 deg C

STAGE(2) -2 - 2 deg C, pH 4

STAGE(3) 4 hours, -2 - 2 deg C; 0.25 hours, -2 - 2 deg C, pH 7 - 8

STAGE(4) 0.5 hours, 0 deg C, pH 4 - 5

L9 ANSWER 2 OF 4 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 142:316614 CASREACT

TITLE: Process for producing 3-chloromethyl-3-cephem derivative

INVENTOR(S): Matsumoto, Nobuo; Kawakabe, Hiroshi; Manabe, Yasuko

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nippon Chemical Industrial Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 45 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2005026176	A1	20050324	WO 2004-JP12925	20040906
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP,				

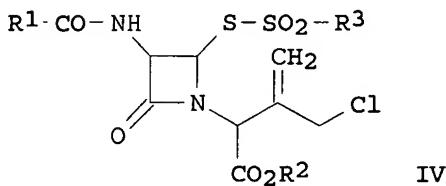
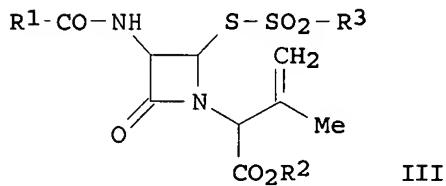
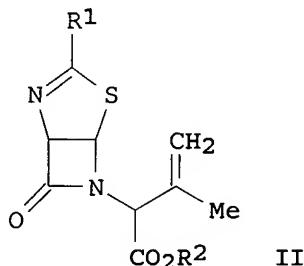
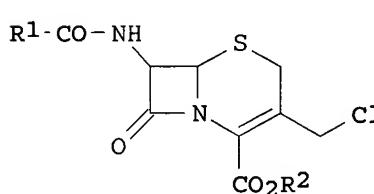
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 PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR,
 TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM,
 ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH,
 CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU,
 MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI,
 CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2003-316386 20030909

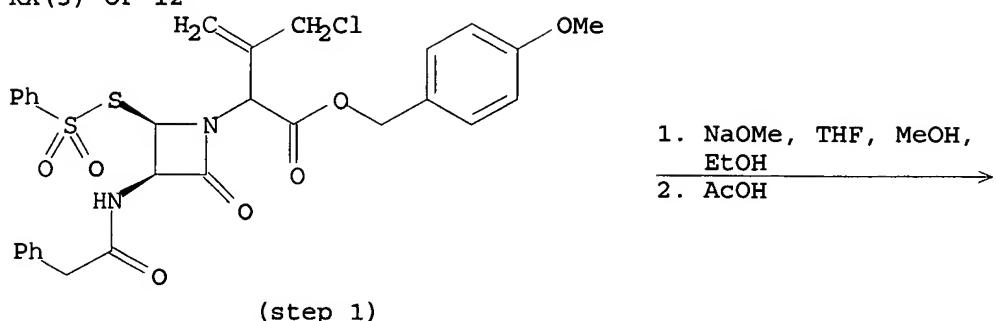
OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 142:316614

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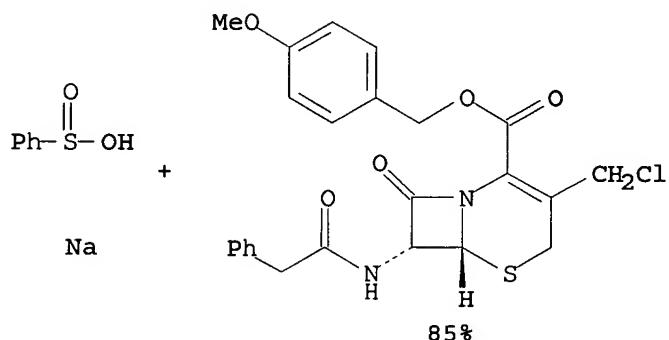


AB An industrially advantageous process for producing 3-chloromethyl-3-cephem derivative crystals I (R₁, R₂ = aryl). The process for 3-chloromethyl-3-cephem derivative production comprises: a first step in which a thiazolineazetidinone derivative II is reacted with a sulfonyl halide R₃SO₂X [R₃ = (un)substituted aryl, heterocyclyl; X = halo] in the presence of an acid in a solvent to obtain azetidinone derivative III; a second step in which the azetidinone derivative III is reacted with a chlorinating agent in an organic solvent to obtain a chlorinated azetidinone derivative IV; and a third step in which the chlorinated azetidinone derivative IV is reacted with an alcoholate R₄OM (R₄ = organic group; M = alkali metal) at a pH of 8 or lower in a solvent comprising an alc. and an ether and a 3-chloromethyl-3-cephem derivative I is recovered in the form of crystals. Thus, crystals of I (R₁ = PhCH₂, R₂ = 4-MeOC₆H₄CH₂) was prepared from the corresponding II.

RX(3) OF 12



(step 1)



CON: STAGE(1) 5 hours, -2 - 2 deg C, pH 7 - 8; 0.25 hours, 0 deg C
 STAGE(2) pH 4 - 5

REFERENCE COUNT:

7

THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE
 FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE
 IN THE RE FORMAT

L9 ANSWER 3 OF 4 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 140:76954 CASREACT

TITLE: Process for preparation of cepham derivatives
 from penam derivativesINVENTOR(S): Deshpande, Pandurang Balwant; Palanisamy,
 Senthilkumar Udayampalayam; Ramar, PadmanabhanPATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Orchid Chemicals and Pharmaceuticals Limited,
 IndiaSOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 25 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004000848	A1	20031231	WO 2002-IB3064	20020802
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG,			

KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

US 2004002600 A1 20040101

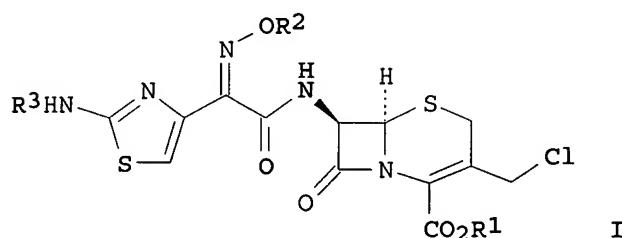
US 2002-207110 20020730

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

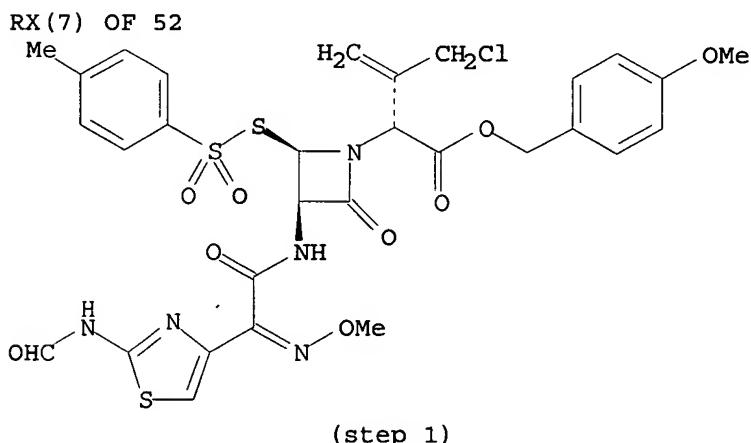
IN 2002-MA467 20020620

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 140:76954

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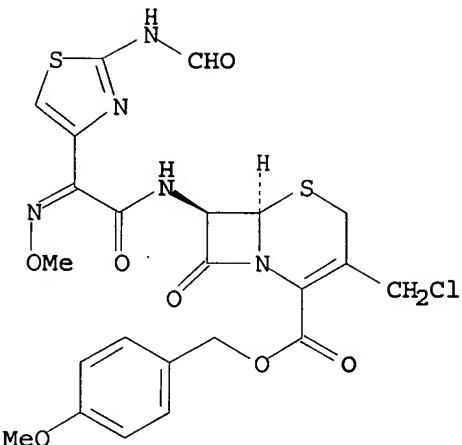


AB The present invention relates to a process for the preparation of cephalosporin derivs. such as I [R1 = p-methoxybenzyl, p-nitrobenzyl, o-chlorobenzyl, diphenylmethyl; R2 = Me, CRaRbCO2Rc; Ra, Rb = H, Me; Rc = H, alkyl; R3 = H, acyl, phenacyl, formyl, trityl] from 6-aminopenicillanic acid (II). Thus, cepham derivative I (R1 = CH2C6H4-4-NO2; R2 = Me; R3 = CHO) was prepared via a multistep synthetic sequence starting from II, S-benzothiazole-2-yl 2-(2-aminothiazol-4-yl)-2-(syn-methoxyimino)thioacetate, p-methoxybenzyl chloride and 2-mercaptopbenzothiazole.



$\xrightarrow[2. \text{ HCl, Water}]{1. \text{ NH3, DMF}}$

RX(7) OF 52



CON: room temperature -> -35 deg C

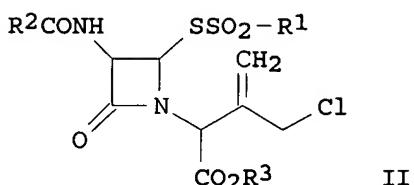
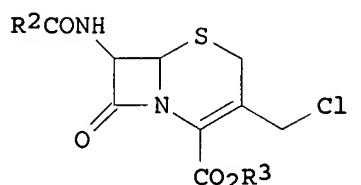
REFERENCE COUNT: 9 THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE
FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE
IN THE RE FORMAT

L9 ANSWER 4 OF 4 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 140:59457 CASREACT
TITLE: Preparation of crystals of
3-chloromethyl-3-cephem derivatives as
intermediates for antibiotics
INVENTOR(S): Matsumoto, Nobuo; Kawakabe, Hiroshi; Manabe,
Yasuko
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nippon Chemical Industrial Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 31 pp., Division of
Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho Appl. No. 2003 46,421.
CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

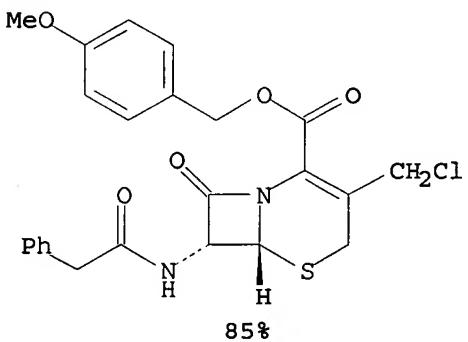
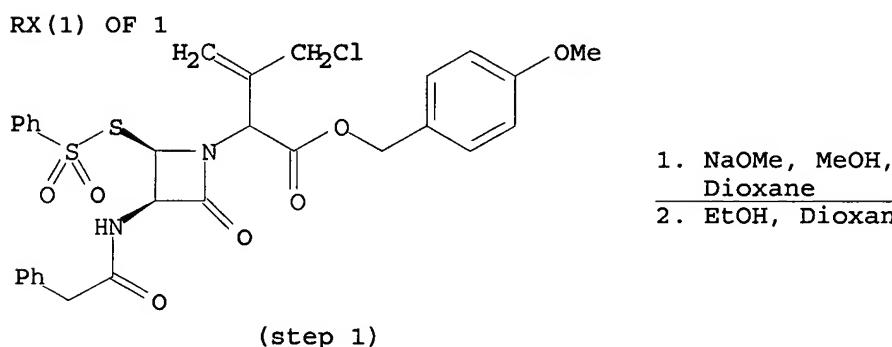
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PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004002451	A2	20040108	JP 2003-203682	20030730
JP 3537050	B2	20040614		
CN 1539840	A	20041027	CN 2003-150030	20030421
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2002-119038	20020422
			JP 2003-46421	20030224

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 140:59457
GI



AB Title derivs. I [R₂, R₃ = (un)substituted aromatic] are prepared by treatment of azetidinones II [R₁ = (un)substituted aryl, (un)substituted heterocycl; R₂, R₃ = same as above] with alcoholates at pH ≤ 8 in the presence of alc.-containing solvents. Thus, dioxane-MeOH solution of II (R₁ = Ph, R₂ = PhCH₂, R₃ = 4-CH₂C₆H₄OMe) and MeONa/MeOH were simultaneously dropwise added to dioxane-EtOH mixture at -2 to 2° over 4 h to give 85.1% 3-chloromethyl-3-cephem derivative crystals, which showed good storage stability.



NOTE: alternative prepn. shown

CON: STAGE(2) room temperature -> 2 deg C, pH 4; 4 hours, 2 deg C, pH 4 -> 8; 30 minutes, -2 - 2 deg C